



CASTELLO DI MONTEPÒ
JACOPO BIONDI SANTI

SASSOALLORO IGT TOSCANA



HISTORY

Jacopo Biondi Santi represents the sixth generation of important vintners in the Biondi Santi family. In the late 1800's Jacopo's ancestors, through careful selection, identified the best mother clone of Sangiovese on their estate. They propagated vineyards with that selection and created the Brunello Biondi Santi clone number 11 (BBS11). The family chose to focus on the best age worthy wines, and bottled 100% Sangiovese Grosso. With this, modern day Brunello di Montalcino began.

Jacopo modernized the Biondi Santi wines when he purchased Castello di Montepo in the Maremma from English Author Graham Greene in 1991 and began to create Super-Tuscan wines under his own name and estate.

CASTELLO DE MONTEPO ESTATE

The Castello di Montepo is a medieval castle with 500 hectares of land and about 60 hectares of vineyards. (It was in this castle that Jacopo's great-grandfather first cloned and registered the first Sangiovese for Brunello). In collaboration with the Universities of Pisa and Florence, he started a complex micro-zonal study in order to enhance the structure and the potential of the estate's wines. The land for wine growing was perfect as the soil is rich in minerals (10 different types of galestro) but poor in nutrients and this makes it ideal for grape growing.

SASSOALLORO

Sassoalloro is considered the flagship of the estate. This Super-Tuscan is made from 100% Sangiovese Grosso (BBS 11). It represents the bridge between the past and the future of the winemaking in the Biondi Santi's family, maintaining the great passion for Sangiovese Grosso, giving a new interpretation of this wine. The name Sassoalloro comes from a gigantic volcanic rock formation on the estate.

Jacapo Biondi Santi Sassoalloro, Super-Tuscan

Denomination: IGT Toscana

Varietal: Sangiovese Grosso BBS11

Alcohol: 13.5%

Oak: 14 months in French barriques, Tronçais untoasted.

